

# The Daily Gazetteer.

MONDAY, JUNE 30. 1740.

NUMB. 1569

N. 1567.

Treaty of Confederacy and Defensive Alliance between the most Serene and most Potent King and Kingdom of Sweden; and the most Serene and most Potent Emperor of the Turks and the Sublime Ottoman Porte.

## Article I.

THE Friendship which has subsisted hitherto between the most Serene and most Potent King Frederic and the Kingdom of Sweden on the one Part, and the most Serene and most Potent Sultan Mahomet Kan, Emperor of the Turks and the Sublime Ottoman Porte on the other

shall be sincerely, constantly, and perpetually renewed: Therefore both the most Serene confederate Parties promise firmly and sincerely that they will always make it their Care not only to cultivate and corroborate this same Friendship and Alliance in strict Manner, but also to promote the Advancement, Interest, and Tranquillity of both Parties, and all Diligence to remove every Thing that may be detrimental to either.

## Article II.

Inasmuch as both these Confederate Empires, viz. the Swedish and the Ottoman, are at perpetual Peace with the Empire of Russia, yet if by any unexpected Event the Empire of Russia should in contempt of the said Peace undertake any Thing against one of the two Parties, then both the Empires in Alliance shall not put each other in Mind of the present Treaty, but shall also reciprocally and without Delay, but shall also reciprocally give each other wholesome Advice to repel and stop such Hostilities.

## Article III.

Whereas this inoffensive Treaty of Friendship and Alliance is concluded for no other End but for the Security of the two Empires and the Tranquillity of their Subjects, 'tis therefore agreed that the said Treaty and Alliance of Friendship made between the said Empires shall be observ'd, whenever it be necessary and the Case shall require, with all the timely and necessary Aids.

## Article IV.

Whereas both these Confederate Empires, the Swedish and the Ottoman, have promis'd to observe the said Treaty of Perpetual Peace made with the Empire of Russia, and to give it no Occasion for Enmity, 'tis also to be hop'd on the Part of the said Emperor of Russia, in Consequence of the Precaution taken in the preceding Article, and for the Security of future Time, so it has been thought useful and necessary, between the Swedish and the Ottoman Empires (according to the Manner and Custom of other constituted Kingdoms) to add also this Defensive Treaty of Friendship first concluded, and to agree that the same be observ'd for ever; the said Treaty of Alliance is no other than a mutual Security. Therefore if the Russian Empire, should offer to break the Peace with these Confederate Empires, and in any Manner to disturb their Tranquillity, and the Thing being plain and evident, then both the Confederate Empires, the Swedish and the Ottoman, shall immediately take all the Care they can to prevent a further Progress: And if this cannot be done, then according to the Rules of Equity they will be under a Necessity of attacking the Empire of Russia jointly, and of making all the Efforts possible to procure a just and satisfactory Satisfaction.

## Article V.

If the Empire of Russia shall attack the Swedish or Ottoman Empire, and the same be notify'd to either of the Confederate Powers, such Attack and Hostility shall be deem'd as committed against both the two Parties, and according to the Tenor of the Fourth Article, the Aggressor shall be heartily attack'd both by Land and Sea with the necessary Forces, according to the Exigency of the Time and Case; and there shall be no Cessation of Hostilities and Enmity on either Side, till just Satisfaction is obtain'd.

## Article VI.

In virtue therefore of the present Treaty, if we hear that the Russian Empire attacks the Ottoman Empire,

the most Serene King and the Kingdom of Sweden promise to make War against Russia without Delay, in the Manner, and with the Forces, which Time and Circumstances shall render necessary; and not to desist from a Diversion of that Nature, till just Satisfaction is made. In like manner, if we hear that the Empire of Russia attacks that of Sweden, the Ottoman Empire also engages according to the above-mention'd Agreement, to attack the Russian Empire without Delay, with the necessary Forces, as the Time and Circumstances shall require; and not to desist from such Diversion, before just Satisfaction be obtain'd. Therefore each of the most Serene Parties oblige themselves upon their Royal and Imperial Parole, to hearken to no Proposal of Peace on the Part of the Enemy, without communicating the same to the other Party, and having his Approbation, nor to make any Separate Peace: And at the very Time when by the mutual Consent of the Confederate Parties a Peace shall be made, this present Treaty of Defensive Alliance, and all the Articles thereof, shall always remain in Force and be observ'd.

## Article VII.

As this Treaty has no other End but a mutual Security and Tranquillity, and to prevent the Effusion of Human Blood, it is mutually agreed that other Kingdoms may if they please enter into it, and that they may be invited to accede to it.

## Article VIII.

The Kingdom of Sweden having concluded a Treaty with the States of Algier and Tunis, and being about to conclude another with the States of Tripoli, and the said Western States being dependent on the Ottoman Empire, the Sublime Porte shall give them Notice of this Treaty, and command them to observe it.

## Article IX.

The Observation of the Treaty of Commerce heretofore concluded between the two Empires, is confirm'd by the present Treaty; and the Subjects of the Swedish Empire shall enjoy the same Protection, and the same Immunities, as the Subjects of other Christian Powers enjoy in the Ottoman Empire, who are in Amity with the Porte.

In four Months Time, or sooner, we promise to exchange the Capitulation and Ratification of the present Treaty of Alliance here at Constantinople, and amicably to communicate the said Treaty of Defensive Alliance to the Empire of Russia. In Witness whereof, We the undersigned Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries of the most Serene King of Sweden to the Sublime Porte, have, by Virtue of our Full Powers, sign'd the present Treaty, and thereto set our Seals and Subscription, and have deliver'd it to the Ministers of the Sublime Ottoman Porte, and exchange'd it with the Original written in the Turkish Language, and sign'd and seal'd with the Arms of the Magnificent and most Excellent Grand Vizir of the Ottoman Empire, by Virtue of the Full Power annex'd to his Office.

Dated at Constantinople the 22d Day of December, in the Year of our Saviour 1739.

CARL. HOPKEN. Z. CARLSON.

Berlin, June 25. All the Foreign Ministers here have put themselves, Servants and Equipages into Mourning upon occasion of the late King's Death. The Day before Count Troughes set out on his Journey to Hanover, he was presented, by the King himself, to Lieutenant General Count Donhoff's Regiment, the Command of which his Majesty has conferred on him. The Lieutenant General has had his Dismission on account of his infirm State of Health: But his Prussian Majesty allows him a Pension of 2500 Dollars a Year, and has promis'd that he will soon provide for his two Sons. Since the Funeral of the late King, which was perform'd at Potsdam on Wednesday last, several other Military Promotions have been made.

His Prussian Majesty's Journey to Prussia, in order to receive the Homage of the States of that Country, is fix'd for the 7th of next Month; and the States of this Part of his Prussian Majesty's Dominions are to meet here on the 3d of August, for the same Purpose.

Hanover, July 1. N. S. Sir Cyril Wyke, Bart. his Britannick Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary to the Hanse Towns, who has his Majesty's Permission to

come hither from his Station at Hamburg for a short Time, arrived here on Wednesday Evening last, and Yesterday paid his Duty to his Majesty at Hessehausen, by whom he was graciously received.

## HOME PORTS.

Deal, June 28. Wind S. Came down and remain'd the Leghorn, Templer, for Newfoundland; the King'swellen, Craycroft, for Portsmouth; the Francis, Spring, for Topsham; and the Flye, Rickards, for Falmouth. Arrived the Elizabeth, Bartlet, from Alderney.

## L O N D O N.

From the London Gazette.

At the Council Chamber Whitehall, the 28th Day of June 1740. present their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council.

Their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council were this Day pleas'd to order, That the Parliament which stands prorogued to Tuesday the 8th of July next, should be further prorogued to Tuesday the 19th Day of August following.

Whereas by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, all Forfeiting, Regrading, and Ingrossing of Corn is prohibited, and it is by the Act of the Fifth and Sixth of Edward the Sixth particularly enacted, That when Corn or Grain is above the Prices in the said Act for that Purpose mentioning, whosoever shall ingross or get into his Hands by Buying, Contracting, or Promise, taking other than by Demise, Grant, or Lease of Land or Tythes, any Corn growing in the Fields, or any other Corn or Grain, to the Intent to sell again, excepting Badgers, Ladens, Kidders and Carriers licenced by three Justices of the Peace for that Purpose, or where the same is bought to make into Malt or Oatmeal, or to victual Ships, Forts or Castles in the King's Dominions, or for Transportation by Water from one Part of the Realm to another, by Persons licenced for that Purpose by three Justices, and on the Terms therein mentioned, shall be deemed an unlawful Ingrosser, and shall suffer Imprisonment for two Months for the first Offence, half a Year for the Second, and for the Third, the Pillory, and forfeit all his Goods and Chattels, and be imprisoned during the King's Pleasure. And whereas their Excellencies the Lords Justices have been informed, That tho' the Prices of Corn are raised to a great Height, far beyond the Prices in the said Act mentioned, divers ill-disposed Persons, for their private Lucre, do presume to buy up and ingross great Quantities of Corn and Grain, in order to export and sell the same beyond the Seas, contrary to the said Laws, and to the great Oppression of the Poor. Their Excellencies, by and with the Advice of his Majesty's Privy Council, have thought fit, in order to prevent the many Inconveniencies that may arise to the Publick by the Scarcity of Corn and Grain, to order, That all the Laws relating to Forfeiting, Regrading, and Ingrossing of Corn, and particularly the said Act of the Fifth and Sixth of Edward the Sixth, be strictly observ'd, and effectually carried into Execution. And to the Intent that all Persons who shall break the same, may be discovered, do order, that the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs at the several Ports of this Kingdom, do take care, when any Corn or Grain shall be brought to be entred for Exportation, to inform themselves by the best Ways and Means they can, of the Names and Places of Abode of the Persons so bringing the same, or making such Entry, and of the Places from whence the Corn or Grain is brought, and who is the true Owner thereof, and whether the same be really the Growth of the Land of the Person exporting, or bought of any other Person, and to give an Account immediately of such Particulars to two or more Justices of the Peace of the County, Place or Division, where such Entry is made, to the end such Persons may be apprehended and proceeded against according to Law, in case they shall not appear to be within some of the said excepted Cases out of the said Act. And that the Commissioners do also forthwith send their Orders and Directions to the Officers of the several Ports of this Kingdom for the Purposes before-mentioned, and requiring them to use their utmost Endeavours in putting this Order in due and strict Execution. And the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary Directions to



the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs accordingly. And their Excellencies have thought fit, by and with the Advice of his Majesty's Privy Council, to order, that the Custodes Rotulorum of the several Counties and Divisions in England and Wales, do recommend it in the strongest Manner to the Justices of the Peace in their respective Counties and Divisions, that they do, in their respective Places and Jurisdictions, cause the said Act of the Fifth and Sixth of Edward the Sixth, and all other the Laws against the Forfeiting, Regrading, and Ingrossing Corn and Grain, to be speedily and effectually carried into Execution, and that they do take care that no Licence be granted to any Badger, Lader, Kidder, Carrier, or Buyer of Corn or Grain, but according to the Directions of the said Act of the Fifth and Sixth of Edward the Sixth, and other the Acts relating thereto, and that they take care that all Offenders against the said Acts be effectually prosecuted according to Law.

W. Cary.

Two Men of War of 100 Guns (First Rates), 3 of 90, 2 of 80, 3 of 70, 2 of 60, 2 of 50, 5 of 44, 6 of 20 Guns each, 2 Fireships of 8 Guns each, 2 Bomb-vessels of 6 Carriage, 8 Swivel Guns, and 2 Mortars each; 1 Storeship of 20 Guns, and 4 Sloops, are ordered to be got ready to be put into Commission.

We hear that four Regiments of Foot and two of Horse are ordered to be raised with all Expedition.

Last Saturday Morning the Right Hon. Sir William Yonge, Secretary at War, with several other Persons of Distinction, set out for Portsmouth in order to view Sir John Norris's Squadron.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Uxbridge is very dangerously ill at his Seat of Beaufort in the County of Stafford.

Last Saturday Morning the Books and Money were sent from the Pay-office in Broad-street to Portsmouth, to pay the Wages due to the Company of his Majesty's Ship the Gloucester to the Time they were turned over into the Prince Frederick and the Adventure.

#### BANKRUPTS.

Robert Taunton, of Thames-street London, Victualler and Chapman.

James Lambert, now or late of Grub-street, in the Parish of St. Giles Cripplegate, London, Brewer and Chapman.

Peter Ward, of the Parish of Christ-Church, Spitalfields, in the County of Middlesex, Butcher and Salesman.

Anthony Webb, late of the City of Bristol, Soap-maker.

Thomas Carver, of the City of York, Grocer.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge,	03 35	03 53

Bank Stock 143. India 164. South Sea 101. Old Annuity 112. New ditto 111 3/4ths. Three per Cent. 101 3/4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan 112. Five per Cent. ditto 93 1/4ths. Royal Assurance 96. London Assurance 12. African 10. India Bonds 51. 9s. Premium. Bank Circulation 51. 15s. Prem. Salt Tallow 1 1/4th to 1 1/2th Prem. English Copper 31. 10s. Wash ditto 15s. Three 1/2th per Cent. Exchange Orders 104. Three per Cent. ditto 97 1/2th. Million Bank 116. Equivalent 110 1/2th. Lottery Tickets 51. 1s.

General Post Office, London, June 16, 1740.

WHEREAS the Post Boy carrying the North Mail from Royston to Ware, was attack'd in the Highway between One and Two o'Clock last Friday Morning, the 13th Instant, on the North side of Harnill's Park, belonging to Ralph Freeman, Esq; about three Miles beyond Ware, by a single Highwayman, who was a short thick Man, in his own Hair, with a brown Great Coat, riding a black Horse, with a Star in his Forehead, having two white Heels behind, who took from him the Peterborough Mail, which contain'd the following Bags, viz. Peterborough, Bolton, Lough, Harncastle, and Spalding.

The Postmaster General thinks proper to advertise the Publick, That whoever shall apprehend and Convey, or cause to be Apprehended and Conveyed the Person who committed this Robbery, will be entitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, besides the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen: Or if any Person, whether Accomplice in the said Robbery, or knowing thereof, shall make a Discovery, whereby the Person who committed the same may be apprehended and brought to Justice, such Discoverer will, upon Conviction of the Party, be entitled to the same Reward, and also have his Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Postmaster-General,  
J. D. Barbutt, Sec.

This Day is Publish'd,  
In Two Volumes in Twelves,  
The EIGHTH EDITION, of  
THE Life and strange surprizing Adventures of ROBINSON CRUSOE, of York, Mariner; who lived Twenty-eight Years alone in an uninhabited Island on the Coast of America, near the Mouth of the great River Oroonoke, having been cast on Shore by Shipwreck, wherein all the Men perished but himself. With an Account how he was at last strangely delivered by Pyrates. Written by himself.

Printed for T. Woodward, at the Half-Moon between the Two Temple-Gates in Fleet-street.

Where may be had,

A. de la Motte's TRAVELS through Europe, Asia, and into Part of Africa: Containing a great Variety of Geographical, Topographical, and Political Observations on those Parts of the World; especially on Italy, England, Turkey, Greece, Crim and Noghian Tartaries, Germany, Sweden, Norway, Lapland, Denmark, and Holstein; on their Productions, Trades, Manufactures, Cities, Colonies, and on what is most curious in Nature, Art, and Antiquities in these Countries; and on the Genius, Manners, and Customs of the Inhabitants; with an historical Account of the most considerable Events, which happened during the Space of above Twenty-five Years spent in those Travels; such as a great Revolution in the Ottoman Empire, by which the Sultan was deposed; the engaging of the Russian and Turkish Armies on the Pruth; the late King of Sweden's Flight from Pultowa to Bender; his Death, and the Princess Ulrica's Accession to the Throne; her generous Resignation of it to her Consort the present King; and in fine, all the chief Transactions of the Senate and the States of Sweden, till the Peace with Russia. Illustrated with Fifty proper Cuts, representing a great many rare and valuable Pieces of Curiosity, both ancient and modern, as Pontifical and Patriarchal Crowns, Eastern and Northern Dresses, most precious Vessels, Idols, Altars, Sacrifices, Medals, &c. Plans of Towns, Camps, Battles, and Mines; new and accurate Maps of the Mediterranean Black, Caspian, and Baltick Seas, with the Countries adjacent. Revised by the Author, with the Addition of two new Cuts. In Two Volumes in Folio. To which is prefixed, an Answer to Innuendoes and Imputations of an unfair Critick.

The HISTORY of Japan. Giving an Account of the ancient and present State and Government of that Empire; of its Temples, Palaces, Castles, and other Buildings; of its Metals, Minerals, Trees, Plants, Animals, Birds, and Fishes; of the Chronology and Succession of the Emperors Ecclesiastical and Secular; of the Original, Descent, Religion, Customs, and Manufactures of the Natives, and of their Trade and Commerce with the Dutch and Chinese: Together with a Description of the Kingdom of Siam. Written in High-Dutch by ENGELBERTUS KAMPER, M. D. Physician to the Dutch Embassy to the Emperor's Court, and translated from his original Manuscript, never before printed, by J. G. SCHNEIDER, F. R. S. and Member of the College of Physicians in London, with the Life of the Author, and an Introduction. To which is added, Part of a Journal of a Voyage to Japan, by the English, in the Year 1673. Illustrated with many Copper Plates. In Two Volumes in Folio.

Where may be had, just published,

A COLLECTION of several TRACTS of the Right Hon. EDWARD EARL OF CLARENDON, Author of the History of the Rebellion and Civil Wars in ENGLAND, begun in the Year 1642, viz.

I. A Discourse by way of Vindication of himself from the Charge of High Treason, brought against him by the House of Commons.

II. Reflections upon several Christian Duties, Divine and Moral, by way of Essays. 1. Of Human Nature. 2. Of Life. 3. Of Reflections upon Happiness, which we may enjoy in and from ourselves. 4. Of impudent Delight in Wickedness. 5. Of Drunkenness. 6. Of Envy. 7. Of Pride. 8. Of Anger. 9. Of Patience in Adversity. 10. Of Contempt of Death, and the best Providing for it. 11. Of Friendship. 12. Of Counsel and Conversation. 13. Of Promises. 14. Of Liberty. 15. Of Industry. 16. Of Sickness. 17. Of Repentance. 18. Of Conscience. 19. Of an Active and Contemplative Life; and when and why the one ought to be preferred to the other. 20. Of War. 21. Of Peace. 22. Of Sacrilege.

III. A Discourse of the Reverence due to Antiquity.

IV. A Discourse against the Multiplying Controversies, by insisting upon Particulars not necessary to the Point in Debate.

V. A Dialogue concerning the Want of Respect due to Age.

VI. A Dialogue concerning Education, &c.

VII. Contemplations and Reflections upon the Psalms of David. With Devotions applicable to the Troubles of the Times.

N. B. None of these Pieces were ever printed before, and the Original Manuscripts in his Lordship's Hand-writing may be seen at T. Woodward's.

Where may likewise be had,

1. A State of the Proceedings of the Corporation of the Governors of the BOUNTY of Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the poor Clergy. Giving a particular Account of their Constitution, Benefactions and Augmentations; with Directions to such as desire to become Benefactors to so pious and charitable a Work. The 2d Edition. By Mr. Eton.

2. Mr. Eton's Account of Ecclesiastical Benefices in England and Wales.

3. The Life of Mr. Chillingworth, by M. Des Maizeaux.

4. A Vindication of the Septuagint, from the Misrepresentations of Scaliger, Dupin, Dr. Hody, Dr. Prideaux, and other Modern Criticks.

5. That important Case of Conscience practically resolved; wherein lies that exact Righteousness which is required between Man and Man. A Sermon preached at Cripplegate in the Year 1661. By John Tillotson, M. A. and then published by himself; but hitherto omitted in his Lordship's Works. Price 1s.

Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich  
June 25. 1740.

THE Directors of the said Royal Hospital hereby Notice, That such Persons as are willing to contribute for supplying Hats for the Pensioners and Boys of the Hospital, may give in their Proposals sealed up, to the said Directors at Salters Hall, on Wednesday the 27th July next, at Eleven in the Forenoon; and in the Time, by applying to the Steward of the said Hospital at Greenwich, they may be informed of the Nature of the Service, and of all other Particulars relating thereto.

THE Ship Margaret and Elizabeth  
Capt. John Meyer Frederickson, bound from London to Hamburg, which was sunk in November last in the near the Buoy of the Lower Middle, with a valuable remaining whole under Water.

If any Person or Persons will undertake the saving of Cargo, or any Part thereof, at their own Charge, they are entitled to one half of the Goods so saved.

Inquire at Mess. Mello and Amisner, Merchants in the yard, Bury-lane.

This Day is Publish'd,  
(Price Six-pence.)

With a Curious Frontispiece of His Grace the Duke of Argyll.

THE Consequences of His Majesty's Journey to Hanover, at this Critical Juncture, considered in a Letter from a Member of Parliament to a Noble Duke in the Country. To which is added, D--ke of A--le's Speech upon the State of the War, With the Answer to it, by ---, in the --- of ---

Printed for C. Symphon, at D'Anvers's Head in the Baily, and Sold by the Book-sellers in Town and Country.

This Day is published,  
(Price One Shilling and Sixpence.)

A Vindication of the Scripture Doctrine of Original Sin, from Mr. Taylor's free and unbounded mination of it.

Printed for Richard Hett and John Oswald, both in Poultry.

Where may be had, just published, Price 6d.  
Man's Original Righteousness; and God's Covenant with Adam as a publick Person; prov'd from the Scripture on the Basis of the Doctrine of Original Sin:

In two Sermons, by Samuel Hebdon, with an Appendix relating to Mr. Taylor's Book called, The Scripture Doctrine of Original Sin.

#### An Infallible CURE

For Barrenness in Women, and Impotency in Men, By Superlative ENLIVENING DROPS, Which in a few Days render both Sexes Fertile in the most wonderful Manner.

Hundreds of Ladies who were deemed incurably Barren, and very many who thought themselves too old to bear Children, have immediately conceived three or four Doles of them only; and vast Numbers of TLE MEN by taking them, have presently become capable propagating their Species, who before, thro' either late Age, imagin'd it impossible.

They almost instantly renovate the vital Ferment of the Blood and Juices, rectify the languid State of all the Fluids, warm and increase the Spirits, invigorate the Nerves, restore Warmth, and cause a sparkling Gladness and ardent Compassion in the Heart, and expand itself thro' the whole human System so as sensibly to enliven and invigorate all the animal and corroborate or strengthen the whole Body, as well as the appropriated to Generation, and do infallibly cure Barrenness one Sex, and Impotency in the other, from what Cause proceeding, as Thousands have experienced.

They are also pleasant to take, are Cordial to the Stomach, create an Appetite, and procure a good Digestion, beyond thing known in the World. And are to be had only of RADFORD's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown against St. James's Church-Yard, in the Strand, Price 5 s. the Bottle, and directions.

The only short and infallible CURE For the HEMORRHOIDS or PILLS of Kind, or in either Sex; and allowed to be by the most eminent Physicians in Europe.

IT is a pleasant ELECTUARY, which once infallibly cures the Piles, be they ever so long even after all other Means have failed, and that without any Trouble, Difficulty, or the least Confinement; the sharpest Pain, and most miserable Torture, it gives instant Relief, and almost miraculous Ease.

No sooner is it taken scarcely, but all manner of Unpleasantness, as if by Incantement, and the Patient becomes as perfectly well and free from Pain, as if no such thing had ever been, and this it not only accomplishes in the present, in all Persons whatsoever, but also, by preventing all Sharpness in the Blood and Juices, it prevents any Return of the PILLS for the future, and intirely to cure that Illness, and thereby prevent the other direful Consequences, that cannot be too dreaded.

Thousands of Men and Women, who had for many more or less, been wretchedly afflicted with the Piles, at once been perfectly cured by this great Remedy, to no less Joy and Comfort than Admiration.

It is so safe, that a sucking Child might take it without inconvenience, for it never occasions the least Trouble or disorder, and is so very agreeable to take, as not to give Disturbance to the nicest Palate. Is sold only at Jacob's Coffee-house, the Angel and Crown Tavern in Broad-street, behind the Royal-Exchange, at 5 s. a Pot, with Directions.